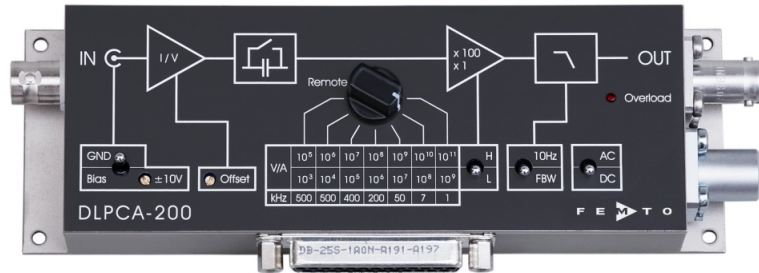


# Variable Gain Low Noise Current Amplifier

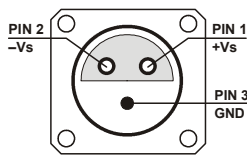


<p>Features</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Transimpedance (gain) switchable from <math>1 \times 10^3</math> to <math>1 \times 10^{11}</math> V/A</li> <li>• Bandwidth DC/1 Hz ... 500 kHz</li> <li>• Bandwidth switchable to DC ... 10 Hz for low noise DC measurements</li> <li>• Bandwidth independent of detector capacitance (up to 1 nF)</li> <li>• Adjustable bias voltage</li> <li>• Protection against <math>\pm 3</math> kV transients</li> <li>• Local and remote control</li> </ul>
<p>Applications</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Photodiode and photomultiplier amplifier</li> <li>• Scanning tunneling microscopy (STM)</li> <li>• Spectroscopy</li> <li>• Beam monitoring for particle accelerators/synchrotrons</li> <li>• Ionisation detectors</li> <li>• Preamplifier for lock-ins, A/D converters, etc.</li> </ul>
<p>Block Diagram</p>	

## Variable Gain Low Noise Current Amplifier

Specifications	Test conditions	$V_s = \pm 15\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , load impedance = 1 M $\Omega$							
Gain	Transimpedance	$1 \times 10^3 \dots 1 \times 10^{11}\text{ V/A}$							
	Gain accuracy	$\pm 1\%$							
	Gain drift	see table below							
Frequency Response	Lower cut-off frequency	DC / 1 Hz							
	Upper cut-off frequency (-3 dB)	up to 500 kHz (see table below), switchable to 10 Hz							
	Gain flatness	$\pm 0.1\text{ dB}$							
Input	Equ. input noise current	see table below							
	Equ. input noise voltage	4 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ (@ 1 kHz)							
	Input offset current drift	see table below							
	Input bias current	1 pA typ. (max. 3 pA)							
	Max. input current	see table below (value for linear amplification)							
	Input offset compensation	adjustable by offset potentiometer and external control voltage; max. range see table below							
Performance depending on Gain Setting	Gain setting (low noise) (V/A)	$10^3$	$10^4$	$10^5$	$10^6$	$10^7$	$10^8$	$10^9$	
	Upper cut-off frequency (-3 dB)	500 kHz	500 kHz	400 kHz	200 kHz	50 kHz	7 kHz	1.1 kHz	
	Rise/fall time (10 % - 90 %)	700 ns	700 ns	900 ns	1.8 $\mu\text{s}$	7 $\mu\text{s}$	50 $\mu\text{s}$	300 $\mu\text{s}$	
	Input noise current density ( $I_n/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ )	20 pA	2.3 pA	450 fA	130 fA	43 fA	13 fA	4.3 fA	
	measured at	10 kHz	10 kHz	10 kHz	1 kHz	1 kHz	100 Hz	100 Hz	
	Integr. input noise current (rms)*	21 nA	2.4 nA	500 pA	130 pA	41 pA	5.8 pA	0.8 pA	
	Offset current drift ( $^\circ\text{C}$ )	30 nA	3 nA	0.3 nA	30 pA	3 pA	0.3 pA	0.1 pA	
	Gain drift ( $^\circ\text{C}$ )	0.008%	0.008%	0.008%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.02%	
	Max. input current ( $\pm$ )	10 mA	1 mA	0.1 mA	10 $\mu\text{A}$	1 $\mu\text{A}$	0.1 $\mu\text{A}$	10 nA	
	Input offset compensation ( $\pm$ )	100 $\mu\text{A}$	10 $\mu\text{A}$	1 $\mu\text{A}$	0.1 $\mu\text{A}$	10 nA	1 nA	0.1 nA	
	DC input impedance ( $\parallel$ 5 pF)	50 $\Omega$	50 $\Omega$	50 $\Omega$	60 $\Omega$	150 $\Omega$	1 k $\Omega$	10 k $\Omega$	
	Gain setting (high speed) (V/A)	$10^5$	$10^6$	$10^7$	$10^8$	$10^9$	$10^{10}$	$10^{11}$	
	Upper cut-off frequency (-3 dB)	500 kHz	500 kHz	400 kHz	200 kHz	50 kHz	7 kHz	1.1 kHz	
	Rise/fall time (10 % - 90 %)	700 ns	700 ns	900 ns	1.8 $\mu\text{s}$	7 $\mu\text{s}$	50 $\mu\text{s}$	300 $\mu\text{s}$	
	Input noise current density ( $I_n/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ )	13 pA	1.8 pA	440 fA	130 fA	43 fA	13 fA	4.3 fA	
	measured at	10 kHz	10 kHz	10 kHz	1 kHz	1 kHz	100 Hz	100 Hz	
	Integr. input noise current (rms)*	12 nA	1.8 nA	450 pA	120 pA	37 pA	5.3 pA	0.8 pA	
	Offset current drift ( $^\circ\text{C}$ )	30 nA	3 nA	0.3 nA	30 pA	3 pA	0.3 pA	0.1 pA	
	Gain drift ( $^\circ\text{C}$ )	0.008%	0.008%	0.008%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.02%	
	Max. input current ( $\pm$ )	100 $\mu\text{A}$	10 $\mu\text{A}$	1 $\mu\text{A}$	0.1 $\mu\text{A}$	10 nA	1 nA	0.1 nA	
	Input offset compensation ( $\pm$ )	100 $\mu\text{A}$	10 $\mu\text{A}$	1 $\mu\text{A}$	0.1 $\mu\text{A}$	10 nA	1 nA	0.1 nA	
	DC input impedance ( $\parallel$ 5 pF)	50 $\Omega$	50 $\Omega$	50 $\Omega$	60 $\Omega$	150 $\Omega$	1 k $\Omega$	10 k $\Omega$	
	* The integrated input noise is measured with an open but shielded amplifier input in the full bandwidth ("FBW") setting. The input referred peak-peak noise can be calculated from the rms noise as follows: $I_{pp} = I_{RMS} \times 6$ The output noise is given by: $U_{pp} = I_{pp} \times \text{gain}$								
Output	Output voltage	$\pm 10\text{ V}$ (@ $\geq 100\text{ k}\Omega$ load)							
	Output impedance	50 $\Omega$ (terminate with $\geq 100\text{ k}\Omega$ load for best performance)							
	Max. output current	$\pm 30\text{ mA}$							
Detector Bias	Bias voltage range	$\pm 10\text{ V}$ , max. 22 mA (bias voltage connected to shield of BNC input socket, adjustable by potentiometer, switchable to GND)							

## Variable Gain Low Noise Current Amplifier

Indicator LED	Function	overload
Digital Control	Control input voltage range	LOW bit: -0.8 V ... +1.2 V, HIGH bit: 2.3 V ... +12 V
	Control input current	0 mA @ 0 V, 1.5 mA @ +5 V, 4.5 mA @ +12 V
	Overload output	non active: <0.4 V @ 0 ... -1 mA active: typ. 5 ... 5.1 V @ 0 ... 2 mA
Ext. Offset Control	Control voltage range	±10 V
	Offset control input impedance	20 kΩ
Power Supply	Supply voltage	±15 V
	Supply current	+120 / -80 mA typ. (depends on operating conditions, recommended power supply capability min. ±200 mA)
	Stabilized power supply output	±12 V, max. ±50 mA, +5V, max. 30 mA
Case	Weight	320 g (0.74 lb.)
	Material	AlMg4.5Mn, nickel-plated
Temperature Range	Storage temperature	-40 °C ... +100 °C
	Operating temperature	0 °C ... +60 °C
Absolute Maximum Ratings	Signal input voltage	-16 V / +12 V
	Signal input current (rms)	35 mA
	Transient input voltage	±3 kV (out of 200 pF source)
	Control input voltage	-5 V / +16 V
	Power supply voltage	±20 V
Connectors	Input	BNC, isolated, jack (female)
	Output	BNC, jack (female)
	Detector bias output	shield of input BNC
	Power supply	Lemo® series 1S, 3-pin fixed socket (mating plug type: FFA.1S.303.CLAC52)
		Pin 1: +15V Pin 2: -15V Pin 3: GND
		
	Control port	Sub-D 25-pin, female, qual. class 2 Pin 1: +12 V (stabilized power supply output) Pin 2: -12 V (stabilized power supply output) Pin 3: AGND (analog ground) Pin 4: +5 V (stabilized power supply output) Pin 5: digital output: overload (referred to pin 3) Pin 6: signal output (connected to BNC) Pin 7: NC Pin 8: input offset control voltage Pin 9: DGND (ground for digital control pins 10 - 14) Pin 10: digital control input: gain, LSB Pin 11: digital control input: gain Pin 12: digital control input: gain, MSB Pin 13: digital control input: AC/DC Pin 14: digital control input: high speed / low noise Pin 15 - 25: NC

# Variable Gain Low Noise Current Amplifier

Remote Control Operation

General

Remote control input bits are opto-isolated and connected by logical OR function to local switch settings. For remote control set the corresponding local switches to "Remote", "AC" and "H" (High speed) and select the wanted setting via a bit code at the corresponding digital inputs. Mixed operation, e.g. local gain setting and remote controlled AC/DC setting, is also possible.

Switch settings "FBW / 10 Hz" and "Bias / GND" are not remote controllable.

Gain setting

Low noise Pin 14=HIGH Gain (V/A)	High speed Pin 14=LOW Gain (V/A)	Pin 12 MSB	Pin 11	Pin 10 LSB
$10^3$	$10^5$	LOW	LOW	LOW
$10^4$	$10^6$	LOW	LOW	HIGH
$10^5$	$10^7$	LOW	HIGH	LOW
$10^6$	$10^8$	LOW	HIGH	HIGH
$10^7$	$10^9$	HIGH	LOW	LOW
$10^8$	$10^{10}$	HIGH	LOW	HIGH
$10^9$	$10^{11}$	HIGH	HIGH	LOW

Gain settling time

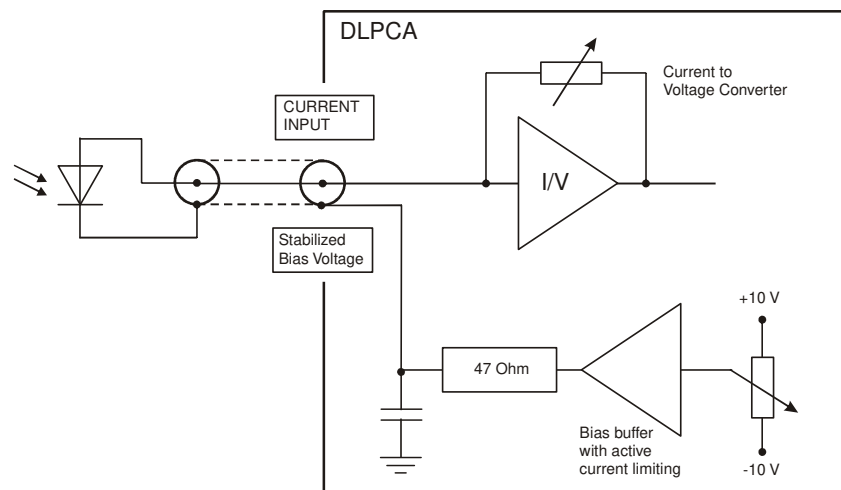
<150 ms

AC/DC setting

Coupling	Pin 13
AC	LOW
DC	HIGH

Application Diagram

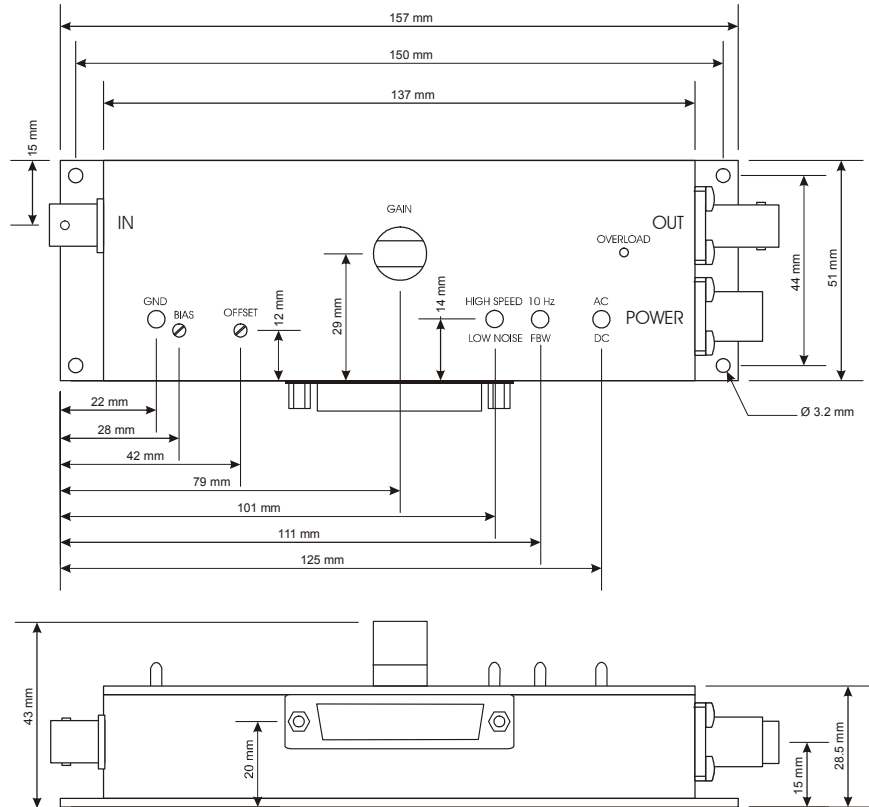
Photo detector biasing



AZ01-0140-1

# Variable Gain Low Noise Current Amplifier

Dimensions



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